ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

| ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY | PAGE 1 |
|--|---------|
| CONTENTS | Page |
| | |
| GENERAL INFORMATION | 2 |
| STATEMENT OF ACADEMY RESPONSIBILITIES | 3 |
| STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL | 4-5 |
| REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL | 6-7 |
| ACCOUNTING POLICIES | 8-10 |
| INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT | 11 |
| STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES | 12 |
| BALANCE SHEET | 13 |
| CASHFLOW STATEMENT | 14 |
| NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | 15 - 24 |

ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY

GENERAL INFORMATION

Management Team

Laura Mahoney - Executive Secretary
Rebecca Gageby - Head of Administration
Pauric Dempsey - Head of Communications and Public Affairs
Roisin Quigley - Head of HR
Lesley Goulding - Head of Finance

Members of the Council

Daly, Mary – **President** Booroah, Vani – **Secretary**

Cooney, Gabriel

Coxon, Peter

Dineen, Sean

Downer, Roger

Dorr, Noel

Holland, Celia

Fanning, Ronan

Ingram, Attracta

Kelly, John

Kelly, Mary

Kennedy, Eugene

Kennedy, M Peter

Lunney James

Maher, Imelda

Meehan, Elizabeth

McGilp, John F – Treasurer

Ray, Tom

Ruane, Frances

Sheehan, Geraldine

Stalley, Roger

Head Office

Telephone: 01 - 6762570- Fax: 01- 6762346

Web Site: http://www.ria.ie/

Bankers

Bank of Ireland 2 College Green Dublin 2

Auditors

The Comptroller and Auditor General Dublin Castle, Dublin 2

Solicitor

Arthur Cox Earlsfort Centre, Earlsfort Terrace Dublin 2

STATEMENT OF ACADEMY RESPONSIBILITIES

The Academy is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of its state of affairs and of its income and expenditure for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the Academy is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- prepare the statements on a going concern basis, unless that basis is inappropriate
- state where applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The Academy is responsible for keeping proper books of account which disclose at any time its financial position with reasonable accuracy. It is also responsible for safeguarding its assets and hence for taking reasonable steps for the detection of fraud and other irregularities.

J F McGilp

EXECUTIVE SECRETAR

L. Mahoney

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

Responsibility for System of Internal Financial Control

On behalf of the Council of the Royal Irish Academy, I acknowledge our responsibility for ensuring that an effective system of internal financial control is maintained and operated.

The system can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions authorised and properly recorded, and that material errors or irregularities are either prevented or would be detected in a timely period.

Key Control Procedures

The Council has taken steps to ensure an appropriate control environment is in place by:

- clearly defining management responsibilities,
- establishing formal procedures for reporting significant control failures and ensuring appropriate corrective action.
- developing a strong culture of accountability across all levels of the Academy.

The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular it includes:-

- comprehensive budgeting system with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the Council.
- regular reviews of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against targets,
- clearly defined capital investment control guidelines, managed by external advisors,
- formal project management disciplines.

The Council's monitoring and review of the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control is informed by the Audit Committee, the executive managers within the Academy who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the control framework and comments made by the Comptroller & Auditor General in his management letter or other reports.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

The Academy has established an internal audit function, which operates in accordance with the Framework Code of Best Practice set out in the Code of Practice for the Governance of State Bodies. An independent consultant has been appointed to carry out the internal audit function.

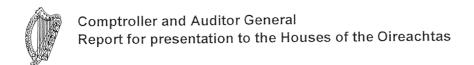
Annual Review of Controls

A formal review of the effectiveness of the system of internal financial controls was carried out for the year ended 31 December 2013. No significant breaches were discovered during the review.

PRESIDENT

15/12/14

Date



Royal Irish Academy

I have audited the financial statements of the Royal Irish Academy for the year ended 31 December 2013 under the Comptroller and Auditor General (Amendment) Act 1993. The financial statements, which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein, comprise the statement of accounting policies, the income and expenditure account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation derives from Academy by-laws and from generally accepted accounting practice in Ireland.

Responsibilities of the Council

The Council is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements, for ensuring that they give a true and fair view of the state of the Academy's affairs and of its income and expenditure, and for ensuring the regularity of transactions.

Responsibilities of the Comptroller and Auditor General

My responsibility is to audit the financial statements and report on them under the Comptroller and Auditor General (Amendment) Act 1993.

My audit is conducted by reference to the special considerations which attach to bodies in receipt of substantial funding from the State in relation to their management and operation.

My audit is carried out in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) and in compliance with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of

 whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Academy's circumstances, and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed

- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made in the preparation of the financial statements, and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I also seek to obtain evidence about the regularity of financial transactions in the course of audit.

Opinion on the financial statements

In my opinion, the financial statements, which have been properly prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in Ireland, give a true and fair view of the state of the Academy's affairs at 31 December 2013 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended.

In my opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Academy. The financial statements are in agreement with the books of account.

Deferred pension funding asset

Without qualifying my opinion on the financial statements, I draw attention to Note 18 and to the recognition as at 31 December 2013 of an asset of €12.8 million in respect of deferred pension funding.

The Academy operates two defined benefit pension schemes, the Royal Irish Academy Staff Superannuation Scheme, a pay-as-you-go scheme for staff appointed from 1994 onwards, and the Royal Irish Academy Superannuation Scheme, a funded scheme for staff appointed before 1994.

The deferred pension funding asset of €12.8 million, representing a receivable from the State equivalent to the value of the Academy's net pension obligations in relation to its two defined benefit pension schemes, has been recognised in the financial statements on the basis that the Academy considers that State funding will be provided to meet net pension obligations as they fall due

Inherent in this accounting treatment is an assumption that any income generated by the Academy will in the first instance be applied towards current expenses and that State funding will meet any shortfall in resources to fund future pension liabilities.

Matters on which I report by exception

I report by exception if

- I have not received all the information and explanations I required for my audit, or
- my audit noted any material instance where public money has not been applied for the purposes intended or where the transactions did not conform to the authorities governing them, or
- the statement on internal financial control does not reflect the Academy's compliance with the Code of Practice for the Governance of State Bodies, or
- I find there are other material matters relating to the manner in which public business has been conducted.

I have nothing to report in regard to those matters.

Colette Drinan

for and on behalf of the

Comptroller and Auditor General

December 2014

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted by the Academy are as follows:

1. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the accruals method of accounting, except as indicated below, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles under the historical cost convention. Financial Reporting Standards recommended by the recognised accountancy bodies are adopted as they become operative.

2. OIREACHTAS GRANTS

Income shown as Oireachtas Grant is accounted for on a cash receipts basis and is paid over by the Higher Education Authority.

3. OTHER INCOME

Income shown as other income is accounted for on a cash receipts basis for rental income, members subscriptions and entrance fees. Other income from sale of Academy publications represents income invoiced during the period.

4. FIXED ASSETS

The Academy adopts a minimum capitalisation threshold of €1,000. Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated in order to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful lives by equal annual instalments. The estimated useful lives of tangible fixed assets by reference to which depreciation has been calculated are as follows:

Computer equipment 3 years
Fixtures and fittings 10 years
Equipment 5 years

The Academy holds a collection of books, manuscripts and art works that it has acquired mainly through donations and bequests. These items are not treated as fixed assets as the Academy considers that the inclusion of such assets in the financial statements would not provide reliable and relevant financial information.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Heritage Assets:

The Royal Irish Academy library is one of Ireland's premier research libraries holding major manuscript, book and pamphlet collections, as well as art works, mainly acquired by donation or bequest. The Council of the Royal Irish Academy has the power to enlarge their collection of manuscripts and other heritage artefacts as part of its objective of promoting excellence in scholarship, recognising achievements in learning, directing research programmes and undertaking its own research projects, particularly in areas relating to Ireland and its heritage.

In accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards FRS 15 and FRS 30 (Heritage Assets), assets acquired before 1 January 2011 have not been capitalised since reliable estimates of cost or value are not available at a reasonable cost.

Additions to the collection acquired since 1 January 2011 are capitalised and recognised in the Balance Sheet under Heritage Assets. The assets are classified by whether the items are bought by or donated to the Academy. The cost or value of the acquisition is used where such a cost or valuation is reasonably obtainable. Donated and bequeathed items are valued internally by the curators, based on expert knowledge and where appropriate, with reference to recent sales of similar objects, and are capitalised at current value on receipt where they exceed the capitalisation threshold.

Values so determined are recorded on the Archives Register maintained by the library. Such items are not depreciated or revalued. Collection items with values below the capitalisation threshold (€10,000) are expensed when the expenditure is incurred.

As funds permit and if judged necessary, conservation is carried out on recently acquired heritage items and the expenditure incurred is recognised in the income and expenditure accounts.

The Academy neither disposes of heritage items, acquired by any mode, nor of donated or bequeathed items, heritage or otherwise.

5. CAPITAL ACCOUNT

The capital account represents the unamortised amount of income used to finance fixed assets

6. DEFERRED INCOME

Deferred income represents funds received for research and other projects. Income is recognised to the extent of the related expenditure incurred in the year, together with any related contributions towards overheads. Funds are held on deposit or investment until utilised.

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial Assets are stated at cost less any provision for permanent diminution in value.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

8. STOCKS

Stocks of books and journals are stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value less provision for obsolete/slow moving stocks. Cost comprises invoiced cost from suppliers.

9. PENSIONS

The Royal Irish Academy operates defined benefit pension schemes which are funded annually on a pay as you go basis from monies available to it, including monies provided by the Higher Education Authority and from contributions deducted from staff salaries.

The Academy also operates a defined benefit non-contributory funded scheme for staff recruited before 1 January 1994. Employers' contributions to this scheme are paid in accordance with recommendations of a qualified independent actuary.

Pension costs reflect pension benefits earned by employees in the period and are shown net of staff pension contributions which are retained by the Academy. An amount corresponding to the pension charge is recognized as income to the extent that it is recoverable, and offset by grants received in the year to discharge pension payments.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in actuarial assumptions and from experience surpluses and deficits are recognised in the Statement of Recognised Gains and Losses for the year in which they occur and a corresponding adjustment is recognized in the amount recoverable from the Higher Education Authority.

Pension liabilities represent the present value of future pension payments earned by staff to date. Deferred pension funding represents the corresponding asset to be recovered in future periods from the Higher Education Authority.

10. FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies relating to revenues and costs are translated into euro at the rates of exchange ruling on the dates on which the transactions occurred.

11. ENDOWMENT FUNDS

Endowment funds represent donations and bequests received for research and other projects. Income is recognised to the extent of the related expenditure incurred in the year, together with any related contributions towards overheads costs. Endowment funds are held on deposit or other investment.

| INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT | | year ende | ed 31 December |
|--|-------|------------|----------------|
| | | 2013 | 2012 |
| | Notes | ϵ | € |
| | | | (Restated) |
| INCOME | | | |
| Oireachtas grants | | 2,924,000 | 3,105,000 |
| Funding and Other income | 1 | 2,683,186 | 1,922,477 |
| Income (released)/deferred in the period | 13 | (339,200) | 468,761 |
| Deferred Pension Funding | 18 | 1,442,000 | 1,528,000 |
| | | 6,709,986 | 7,024,238 |
| Transfer from Capital Account | 14 | 16,163 | 30,315 |
| 1 | _ | 6,726,149 | 7,054,553 |
| EXPENDITURE | | | |
| Staff costs | 2 | 5,426,734 | 5,531,260 |
| Accommodation and establishment | 3 | 163,311 | 152,311 |
| General administration | 4 | 676,780 | 731,135 |
| Publication costs | 5 | 245,553 | 273,224 |
| Conference and meeting expenses | 6 | 133,058 | 135,696 |
| Book purchases and international subscriptions | 7 | 95,539 | 72,268 |
| Grants and awards | | 74,749 | 130,839 |
| Depreciation | 8 | 36,228 | 47,991 |
| | _ | 6,851,952 | 7,074,724 |
| OPERATING DEFICIT | | (125,803) | (20,171) |
| DISPOSALS/(ADDITIONS) IN ENDOWMENT FUNDS | 15 | 19,475 | (32,665) |
| BALANCE AT 1 JANUARY | _ | 928,282 | 981,118 |
| BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER | | 821,954 | 928,282 |

The Statement of Accounting Policies and Notes 1 to 21 form part of these Financial Statements.

TREASURER J F McGilp

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

L. Mahoney

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

year ended 31 December

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

L. Mahoney

| | Notes | 2013 € | 2012 € (Restated) |
|---|-------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Deficit for the year | | (125,803) | (20,171) |
| Actual return less expected return on scheme assets | 18 | 242,000 | 128,000 |
| Experience gain on pension scheme liabilities | 18 | 2,100,000 | 4,100,000 |
| Changes in Assumptions | 18 | - | - |
| Actuarial gain recognised in STRGL | | 2,342,000 | 4,228,000 |
| Adjustment to Deferred Pension Funding | | (2,342,000) | (4,228,000) |
| Total Recognised Loss for the year | | (125,803) | (20,171) |

TREASURER
J F McGilp

Date

| BALANCE SHEET | | As | at 31 December |
|--|------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Notes | 2013 € | 2012 € |
| | | | (Restated) |
| FIXED ASSETS | | | |
| Tangible assets | 8 | 49,179 | 65,343 |
| Funds and Projects Financial assets | 9 | 1,212,276 | 1,125,802 |
| 1 strate and 1 to Joes 1 marchin about | ř <u> </u> | 1,261,455 | 1,191,145 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Stocks | 10 | 201,316 | 212,475 |
| Debtors | 11 | 61,552 | 52,849 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | ** | 3,601,871 | 3,406,514 |
| | | 3,864,739 | 3,671,838 |
| CREDITORS (amounts falling | | | |
| due within one year) | 12 _ | (154,511) | (177,541) |
| DEFERRED INCOME | 13 | (2,636,716) | (2,297,516) |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | _ | 1,073,512 | 1,196,781 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | | |
| LIABILITIES BEFORE PENSIONS | _ | 2,334,967 | 2,387,926 |
| Deferred pension funding | 18 | 12,800,000 | 13,700,000 |
| Funded Scheme Assets | 18 | 1,800,000 | 1,700,000 |
| Pension Liabilities | 18 | (14,600,000) | (15,400,000) |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | 2,334,967 | 2,387,926 |
| FINANCED BY: | | | |
| Capital account | 14 | 49,179 | 65,342 |
| Endowment funds | 15 | 1,463,834 | 1,394,302 |
| Income and expenditure account | | 821,954 | 928,282 |
| | | 2,334,967 | 2,387,926 |

The Statement of Accounting Policies and Notes 1 to 21 form part of these Financial Statements.

TREASURER
J F McGilp

15 12 14

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

L. Mahoney

| CASHFLOW STATEMENT | | As at 31 December | | |
|---|--------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | 2013 | 2012 | |
| | Notes | € | € (Restated) | |
| Reconciliation of operating surplus to net cash | | | | |
| inflow / (outflow) from operating activities | | | | |
| Operating deficit for the year | | (125,803) | (20,171) | |
| Depreciation | 8 | 36,228 | 47,991 | |
| Capital Account Transfer | 14 | (16,163) | (30,315) | |
| Interest earned | 1 | (107,566) | (108,234) | |
| Gain on investment transactions | 1 | (8) | (3,594) | |
| Decrease in stock | 10 | 11,159 | 39,595 | |
| (Increase) / Decrease in debtors | 11 | (8,702) | 40,410 | |
| Increase /(Decrease) in creditors | 12 | 316,170 | (522,505) | |
| Net cashflow from operating activities | - = | 105,314 | (556,824) | |
| CASHFLOW STATEMENT | | | | |
| Net cashflow from operating activities | | 105,314 | (556,824) | |
| Returns on investment and servicing of finance | | | | |
| Interest received | 1 | 107,566 | 108,234 | |
| Capital expenditure and financial investment | | | | |
| Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets | 8 | (20,065) | (17,676) | |
| Reinvestment in financial assets | 9 | 2,541 | (27,851) | |
| Increase in cash | _ = | 195,357 | (494,117) | |
| RECONCILIATION OF NET CASHFLOW TO | | | | |
| NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS | | 2 406 514 | 2 000 521 | |
| Net funds at 31 December 2012 | | 3,406,514 | 3,900,631 | |
| Net funds at 31 December 2013 | | 3,601,871 | 3,406,514 | |
| | _ | | | |

The Statement of Accounting Policies and Notes 1 to 21 form part of these Financial Statements.

TREASURER
J F McGilp

Increase/(Decrease) in cash

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

195,357

(494,117)

L. Mahoney

Date

ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY PAGE 15

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| *************************************** | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. | OTHER INCOME | | | 2013 | 2012 |
| | | | | € | € |
| | | | | | |
| | Deposit interest | | | 26,000 | 26,129 |
| | Room rental | | | 29,954 | 22,152 |
| | Grants and awards | | | 5,752 | 86 |
| | Members subscriptions and entrance fees | | | 37,818 | 35,066 |
| | Sale of Academy publications | | | 277,616 | 261,524 |
| | • | | | | ŕ |
| | Gain on investment transactions | | | 8 | 4,335 |
| | Interest on investments | | | 81,566 | 82,105 |
| | Funding & Registration Fees | | | 2,224,472 | 1,491,080 |
| | | | | 2,683,186 | 1,922,477 |
| | | | | | |
| | | I & E | F & P | Total | Total |
| 2. | STAFF COSTS | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | | € | € | € | € |
| | (a) Analysis of Staff Costs: | | | | |
| | Wages and salaries | 1,759,237 | 1,972,615 | 3,731,852 | 3,600,275 |
| | Social welfare costs | 127,954 | 188,879 | 316,833 | 310,266 |
| | Pension costs | 1,378,049 | - - | 1,378,049 | 1,620,719 |
| | | 3,265,240 | 2,161,493 | 5,426,734 | 5,531,260 |
| | | | | | |
| | (b) Average Number of Persons Employed | | | | |
| | Full Time | 22 | 36 | 58 | 51 |
| | Part Time | 10.5 | 12.5 | 23 | 24 |
| | | | | | |

Government guidelines on the payment of director's fees have been implemented. There were no fees paid in 2013 to individual council members. The total paid for travel & subsistence expenses claimed by council members in 2013 was 68,064

The all in cost of the Executive Secretary's total remuneration package consists of salary and pension entitlement. The Executive Secretary's annual salary for 2013 was €88,936 and pension entitlements for this post are in line with standard entitlements in the model public sector defined benefit superannuation scheme. The Executive Secretary was not in receipt of any performance related awards or an acting allowance in 2013.

ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY PAGE 16

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | | 1 & E | F&P | Total | Total |
|----|--|---------|---------|----------|---------|
| 3. | ACCOMMODATION AND ESTABLISHMENT | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | EXPENSES | € | € | € | € |
| | | | | | |
| | Light and heat | 35,167 | 2,931 | 38,098 | 35,354 |
| | Insurance | 11,467 | - | 11,467 | 11,567 |
| | Furniture and household | 74,239 | 7,397 | 81,636 | 64,733 |
| | Rent (Note 15) | - | 32,110 | 32,110 | 40,657 |
| | | 120,873 | 42,437 | 163,312 | 152,311 |
| | = | | | <u> </u> | |
| | | I & E | F & P | Total | Total |
| 4. | GENERAL ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | | € | € | € | € |
| | Postage and telephone | 32,193 | 4,807 | 37,000 | 40,837 |
| | Advertising | 8.767 | 4,493 | 13,260 | 10,812 |
| | Stationery and office | 58,571 | 5,657 | 64,228 | 84,339 |
| | Administration printing | 12,162 | 1,389 | 13,551 | 11,201 |
| | General Purpose Account and Funds & Projects Miscellaneous | 45,833 | 113,840 | 159,673 | 104,074 |
| | Professional fees - Legal and other fees | 46,032 | - | 46,032 | 10,796 |
| | - Accountants fees | 22,837 | _ | 22,837 | 6,424 |
| | - Contributors fees | , | 79,409 | 79,409 | 149,573 |
| | Audit fees | 10,810 | - | 10,810 | 15,500 |
| | Bank interest and fees | 5,104 | - | 5,104 | 5,897 |
| | Information technology | 124,577 | 14,131 | 138,708 | 212,506 |
| | HR, Training and Development | 85,846 | 322 | 86,168 | 79,176 |
| | | 452,732 | 224,048 | 676,780 | 731,135 |
| | | | | | |
| | | I & E | F & P | Total | Total |
| 5. | PUBLICATION COSTS | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | | € | € | € | € |
| | Proceedings | 39.348 | _ | 39,348 | 35,814 |
| | Publications | 185,296 | 8,720 | 194,016 | 224,357 |
| | General conservation costs | 10,094 | 2,095 | 12,189 | 13,053 |
| | | 234,738 | 10,815 | 245,553 | 273,224 |
| | = | | | | |

ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY PAGE 17

| NC | TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | | | | |
|----|--|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | | I & E | F & P | Total | Tota |
| 6. | CONFERENCE AND MEETING EXPENSES | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | | € | € | € | • |
| | Conference expenses | - | 14,280 | 14,280 | 43,954 |
| | Special Event Costs | - | - | <u>.</u> | 504 |
| | Travel expenses | 22,204 | 96,574 | 118,778 | 91,238 |
| | = | 22,204 | 110,854 | 133,058 | 135,696 |
| | | I & E | F & P | Total | Total |
| 7. | BOOK PURCHASES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS | 2013 | 2013 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | | € | € | € | ϵ |
| | Library books and periodicals | 38,965 | 10,800 | 49,765 | 36,815 |
| | Subscriptions to international organisations | 45,774 | - | 45,774 | 35,453 |
| | - = | 84,739 | 10,800 | 95,539 | 72,268 |
| 8. | TANGIBLE ASSETS | Computer | Fixtures & | | |
| | | Equipment | Fittings | Equipment | Total |
| | COST | € | € | £quipment | € |
| | At 1 January 2013 | 374,148 | 148,388 | 100,768 | 623.304 |
| | Additions | 12,098 | <u>-</u> | 7,965 | 20,065 |
| | Disposals | (125,249) | (6,057) | (1,548) | (132,854) |
| | At 31 December 2013 | 260,997 | 142,331 | 107,186 | 510,515 |
| | ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION | | | | |
| | At 1 January 2013 | 341,430 | 132,828 | 83,704 | 557,962 |
| | Charge for the year | 24,361 | 6,342 | 5,525 | 36,228 |
| | Eliminated on Disposals | (125,249) | (6,057) | (1,548) | (132,854) |
| | At 31 December 2013 | 240,542 | 133,113 | 87,681 | 461,336 |

32,718 20,455

At 31 December 2012 At 31 December 2013 15,560 9,218 17,065 19,505 65,342 49,179

8. TANGIBLE ASSETS (contd)

HERITAGE ASSETS

Heritage assets are valued as part of the acquisition process as they are added to the collections. In common with national institutions in Ireland and Britain holding analogous collections, the Academy does not have a systematic retrospective programme of valuing heritage items which have been in their collections for many years. The cost of such a programme would be prohibitive both in terms of direct cost and time to complete.

The Academy has undertaken an exercise to identify and value Heritage Assets acquired during the past five years (2013-2008), the results are disclosed in the table below.

From 1 January 2011 Heritage assets acquired with a value in excess of €10,000 are capitalised and shown under Fixed Assets on the Balance Sheet.

| | 2008 € | 2009 € | 2010 € | 2011 € | 2012 € | 2013 € |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Heritage Assets Purchased | Nil | 10,000 | 14,000 | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Heritage Asset Donations | 10,000 | Nil | 30,000 | Nil | Nil | Nil |

Preservation and Management

The Library operates an ongoing preservation programme in respect of the different formats and media under its curation, and all items are held in a secure location in Academy House.

The priority in terms of management and preservation is the manuscript and archival collection, which is secured in environmentally controlled conditions in an alarmed vault. For preservation and access, this collection has been digitised and is freely accessible on the web (Irish Script on Screen – www.isos.dias.ie).

The Library maintains catalogues for its collections of heritage assets, recording the nature, provenance and current location of each asset.

Heritage Assets of particular importance

The Academy holds significant manuscript and archival collections and collections of pre-1850 imprints, most of which were acquired during the 18th and 19th centuries by donation, bequest or purchase.

In 2009, a 19th-century music manuscript was purchased, some of which was in the hand of Thomas Moore, from Whyte's auction house, Dublin, for €10,000 (RIA Library/Archives Register). This purchase supplements the Moore library collection, which comprises 2000 items collected by author and poet, Thomas Moore (1779-1852). The collection as a whole has a scholarly and provenance value. Based on a conservative average value of €300 per title, a curatorial value of the collection would come to approx. €500,000.

| 9. | FUNDS AND PROJECTS FINANCIA | | S | | | | | |
|-----|---|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | 1.1.13 | | | 31.12.13 | Diminution in value of Financial Assets | Recovery/ (Diminution) in | 31.12.13 MARKET |
| | | cost € | ADDITIONS € | DISPOSALS € | COST € | ϵ | Financial Assets | value € |
| | Investment Portfolio | 1,147,389 | 20,900 | (23,434) | 1,144,855 | (23,976) | 89,006 | 1,209,885 |
| | 2.5% Consolidated Stock | 2,156 | - | - | 2,156 | - | - | 2,156 |
| | Prize Bonds | 235 | - | - | 235 | - | - | 235 |
| | - | 1,149,780 | 20,900 | (23,434) | 1,147,246 | (23,976) | 89,006 | 1,212,276 |
| 10. | STOCKS | | | | | | 2013 € | 2012 € |
| | Books and journals for resale | | | | | | 201,316 | 212,475 |
| 11. | DEBTORS (amounts falling due within | n one year) | | | | | 2013 € | 2012 € |
| | Debtors Prepayments and Accrued Income | | | | | | 16,383 | 8,895 |
| | Value Added Tax | | | | | | 28,673 16,496 | 14,252 29,702 |
| | | | | | | = | 61,553 | 52,849 |
| 12. | CREDITORS (amounts falling due within one year) | | | | | | 2013 € | 2012 € |
| | Creditors and accruals | | | | | | 72,195 | 89,376 |
| | Taxation | | | | | - | 82,316 154,511 | 88,165 177,541 |
| | | | | | | = | | |
| 13. | DEFERRED INCOME | | | | | | 2013 € | 2012 € |
| | Balance at 1 January (Note 20) Allocations from state grants Funding and other receipts | | | | | | 2,297,516 662,697 2,275,146 | 2,766,277 694,080 1,538,823 |
| | Project expenditure Income (released) in the period | | | | | _ | (2,598,644) | (2,701,664) |
| | Balance as at 31 December | | | | | _ | 2,636,716 | 2,297,516 |
| | | | | | | = | ,, | |
| 14. | CAPITAL ACCOUNT | | 2013 € | 8 | | | 2012 € | € |
| | Opening balance | | | 65,342 | | | | 95,657 |
| | Amounts allocated for fixed asset acq Amortisation in line with asset deprec Loss on disposal of fixed assets | | 20,065 (36,228) | | | _ | 17,676 (47,991) | |
| | Transfer to the Income & Expenditure Closing balance | e Account | | (16,163) 49,179 | | | | (30,315) 65,342 |
| 15. | ENDOWMENT FUNDS | | | | | | 2013 € | 2012 € |
| | Balance at 1 January (Note 20) | | | | | | 1,394,302 | 1,285,372 |
| | Additions Disposals | | | | | | 30,900 (50,375) | 38,698 (6,033) |
| | Additions/ (disposals) in the period | | | | | ориализа | (19,475) | 32,665 |
| | Recovery in value of financial assets | | | | | | 89,006 | 76,265 |
| | Balance as at 31 December | | | | | | 1,463,834 | 1,394,302 |
| | | | | | | | | |

16. ACCOMMODATION

The Academy operates from offices at 19 and 19A Dawson Street in Dublin that are provided on a rent-free basis by the Office of Public Works. During 2012, two further floors on 19A Dawson Street were acquired by the Academy on a short-term lease.

The Art Architecture of Ireland project, which commenced during 2008, is located outside Academy House in Newman House, St. Stephens Green, Dublin 2.

This property is rented by the Academy on short-term leases, as is the premises at An Charraig, Co Donegal, which is used by a number of Focloir na Nua Ghaeilge staff.

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no related party transactions in the period ended 31 December 2013. The Academy adopted procedures in accordance with the Code of Practice for the Governance of State Bodies issued by the Department of Finance in relation to the disclosure of interests by the Council members. These have been adhered to in the year and there were no transactions in the year in relation to the Academy's activities in which Council members had any interest.

18. PENSIONS

(a) Description of Schemes

The Royal Irish Academy was established by Royal Charter in 1786 and is now primarily financed by State grant. Prior to 1994 superannuation benefits for the staff of the Academy were provided for under a funded pension scheme.

In the case of staff appointed on or after 1 January 1994, superannuation benefits are provided under two schemes

- The Royal Irish Academy staff superannuation scheme and
- The Royal Irish Academy spouses' and childrens contributory pension scheme which are currently being operated on an administrative basis pending formal Ministerial approval.

The former scheme provides retirement benefits (lump sum and pension) to staff members, and death gratuity benefits in respect of death in service. The latter scheme (which members of the Pre-1994 Scheme can also join) provides pension benefits for the surviving spouse and dependent children of deceased members.

The RIA staff superannuation scheme and the RIA spouses' and children's contributory pension scheme are not pre-funded. Benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Pre-1994 Scheme is a funded scheme, but post-retirement increases to pensions awarded under that scheme are not met from the fund but are borne by the Academy.

18. PENSIONS (continued)

While the Academy recognises that there is a deficit on the funded scheme, a solution is currently being sought to resolve this situation. The Academy is of the opinion that all future pension liabilities of all defined benefit schemes and arrangements on a pay as you go basis for all categories of RIA staff will be met by the State. Accordingly the Academy has recognized a matching pension receivable in the balance sheet at an amount equivalent to the full pension liability associated with all its defined benefit arrangements for each reporting period.

Normal Retirement Age is a member's 65th birthday, and pre 2004 members have an entitlement to retire without actuarial reduction from age 60. Pensions in payment (and deferment) normally increase in line with general public sector salary inflation.

Superannuation entitlements arising under these schemes are paid out of current income and are charged to the Income & Expenditure Account in the year they become payable. The results set out below are based on actuarial valuation of the pension liabilities in respect of serving and former staff of the Academy at 31st December 2013. This valuation was carried out by a qualified independent actuary for the purposes of the accounting standard, Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 – Retirement Benefits (FRS 17). The valuation has been completed using the projected unit method.

(b) Financial Assumptions

The financial assumptions used FRS17 purposes were:

| | At 31.12.13 | At 31.12.12 |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Discount rate | 5.5% | 5.5% |
| Salary Increases | 4.0% | 4.0% |
| Pension Increases | 4.0% | 4.0% |
| Inflation Increases | 2.0% | 2.0% |

The assets in the pre 1994 funded scheme and the expected rate of return as of December 2013 were:

| | Expected return 2013 | Expected return 2012 | Market Value 2013 | Market Value 2012 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Equities Bonds Properties | 7% 4% 4% | 7% 4% 4% | 1,000,000 700,000 <u>100,000</u> | 900,000 700,000 <u>100,000</u> |
| Total | | | 1,800,000 | 1,700,000 |
| Present value of scheme liabilities Deficit in scheme | | | (14,600,000) (12,800,000) | (15,400,000) (13,700,000) |

18. PENSIONS (continued)

| (c) Net Deferred Funding for Pensions in Year | 2013 € | 2012 € | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Funding recoverable in respect of current year pension costs State Grant Applied to pay Pensioners (Unfunded Scheme) Pension Contributions (Funded Scheme) | 1,550,000 (79,000) (29,000) 1,442,000 | 1,800,000 (243,000) (<u>29,000</u>) 1,528,000 | |
| (d) Analysis of total pension costs charged to expenditure | 2013 € | 2012 € | |
| Service Charge Interest on Pension Scheme Liabilities (Net Return) Employees Contributions (Unfunded Scheme) | 800,000 750,000 (171,951) 1,378,049 | 900,000 900,000 (<u>179,281</u>) 1,620,719 | |
| (e) Analysis of amount recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL) | | | |
| (STRGL) | 2013 € | 2012 € | |
| Difference between actual and expected return on scheme assets Experience gains Changes in assumptions Actuarial gain recognised in STRGL | 242,000 2,100,000 2,342,000 | 128,000 4,100,000 | |

(f) Deferred Funding Asset for Pensions (Narrative Note)

The Royal Irish Academy recognises these amounts as an asset corresponding to the funded and unfunded deferred liability on the basis of the set of assumptions described above and a number of past events. These events include the statutory basis for the establishment of the pension scheme and the policy and practice currently in place in relation to funding public service pensions, including contributions by employees and the annual estimates process. The Academy anticipates that this funding policy will continue to meet such sums in accordance with current practice. The deferred funding asset for pensions as at 31 December 2013 amounted to $\[mathebox{e}12,800,000\]$ (2012: $\[mathebox{e}13,700,000\]$).

The valuation used for FRS17 disclosures has been based on a full actuarial valuation by a qualified independent actuary taking account of the requirements of the FRS in order to assess the scheme liabilities at 31 December 2013

18. PENSIONS (continued)

| (g) Movement in Net Pension Liability during the financial year | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 2013 € | 2012 € | | |
| (13,700,000) | (16,400,000) | | |
| (800,000) | (900,000) | | |
| 29,000 | 29,000 | | |
| 79,000 | 243,000 | | |
| (750,000) | (900,000) | | |
| 2,342,000 | 4,228,000 | | |
| (12,800,000) | (13,700,000) | | |
| 2013 € | 2012 € | | |
| assets | | | |
| 242,000 | 128,000 | | |
| 13% | 8% | | |
| 2 100 000 | 4,100,000 | | |
| | 27% | | |
| | 4,228,000 | | |
| | 27% | | |
| | 2013 € (13,700,000) (800,000) 29,000 79,000 (750,000) 2,342,000 (12,800,000) 2013 € | | |

19. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There were no capital commitments at 31 December 2013.

20. BASIS FOR RESTATEMENT

In preparing these financial statements, the Royal Irish Academy revisited its accounting policy on accounting for Funds and Project income.

In previous year's financial statements, the Academy reported on two separate Income & Expenditure Accounts.

The operational Income and Expenditure Account recorded transactions relating to the core activities of the organisation; i.e. the Library, Academy Publications, and International Unions, together with the costs of the overall administration of the Academy.

The second Income and Expenditure Account, called the Funds and Projects account, recorded transactions on funds and projects established as a result of the receipt of donations, bequests or of specific funding allocations from the Academy. Income received for Funds and Projects are ring-fenced for use of same.

As such the Academy is of the opinion that any funds held at year end for Funds and Projects should be met with a future liability and should therefore be classified as Deferred Income in its Balance Sheet. Income is released into the Income and Expenditure in the year they are utilised. In addition, those funds which are held by the Academy as financial assets should be classified as Endowment Funds in its Balance Sheet.

The effects of these changes in accounting policy in the prior year financial statements has removed the Funds and Projects Account and re-classified the reserve balance at 1st January 2012 of €2,766,277 as deferred income and €1,285,372 as endowment funds.

Deferred income released in the 2012 financial year amounted to \in 468,761. Deferred income as at 31 December 2012 was \in 2,297,516

Net additions to endowment funds in the 2012 financial year amounted to €32,665. Endowment funds as at 31 December 2012 was €1,394,302.

21. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved on $\frac{15/12/14}{}$